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# **IOTA Nonlinear Integrable Optics Experiment: Landau Damping**

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Run 2b Proposal

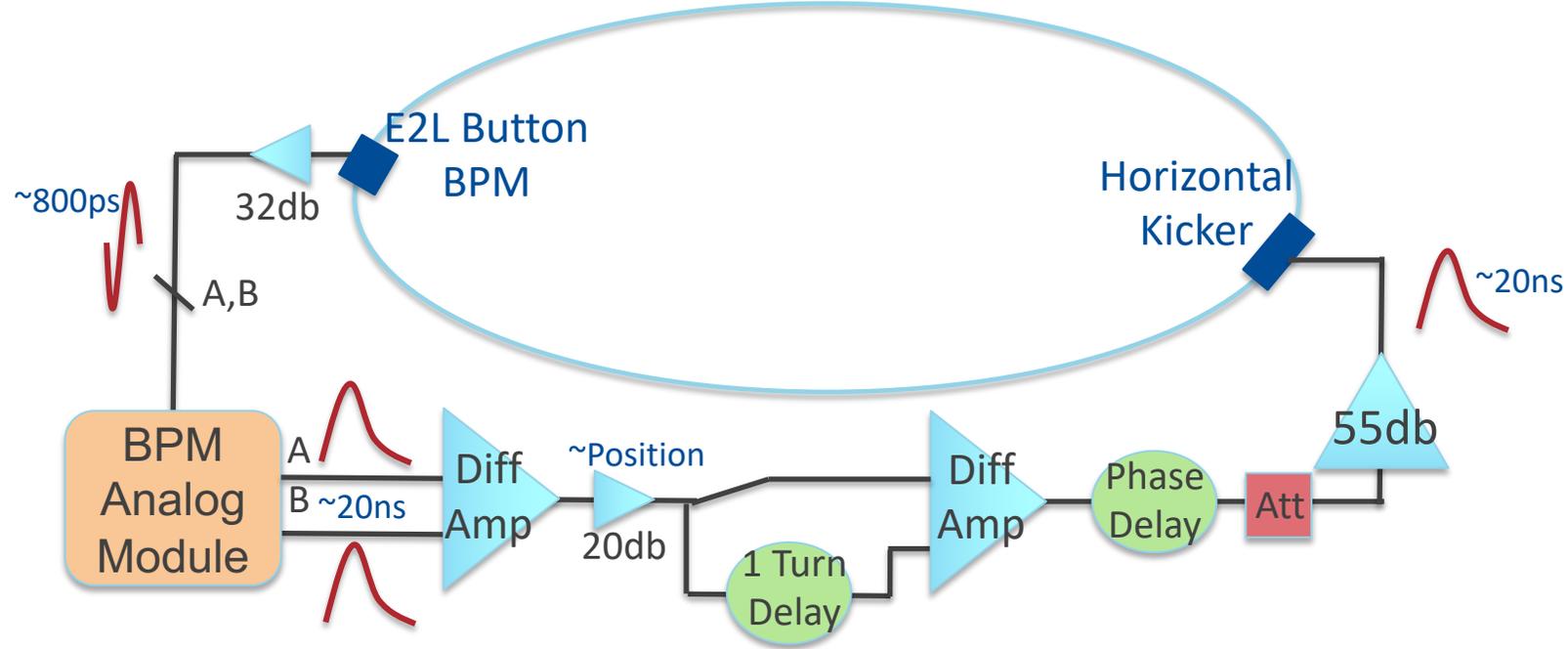
10 March 2020

## Motivation/Theory

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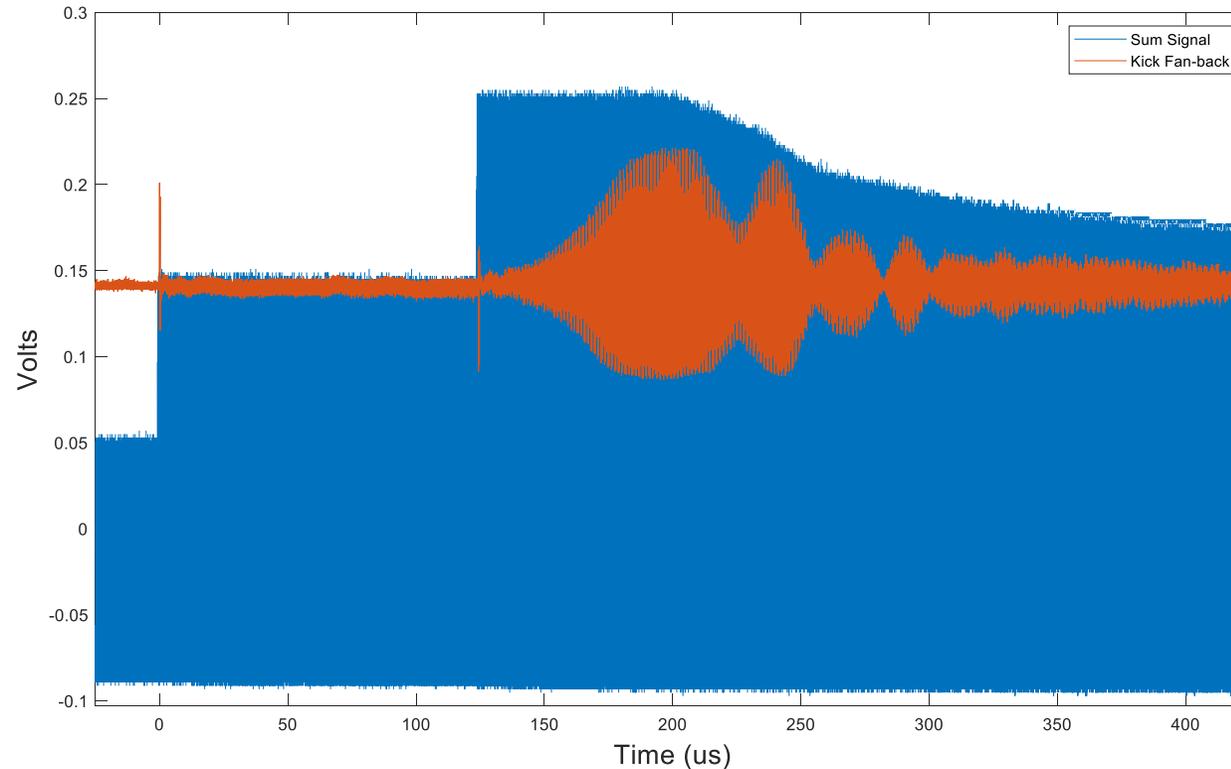
- Landau Damping provides damping mechanism via tune spread
- Octupoles provide a means to increase tune spread and increase the stable region via Landau Damping
- Octupoles introduce strong non-linearities at large amplitudes
  - Reduce dynamic aperture and lifetime
  - Landau damping sensitive to tails of beam
  - Can change chromaticity via feed-down effects

# Feedback System Overview



- Use horizontal button electrodes on E2L bpm with  $32\text{db}$  RF pre-amplifier on each button
- BPM analog module based upon RF envelope detector conditions fast doublet into longer pulse – provides  $32\text{db}$  of programmable gain control
- Implement  $1\text{ turn}$  notch filter delay and phase delay with cable
- Use one plate of the horizontal strip-line to kick beam

# Inducing Instability – Positive Feedback



- Instability triggered by changing gain in analog module
- Ability to provide relatively controlled instabilities

## Instability Threshold Study

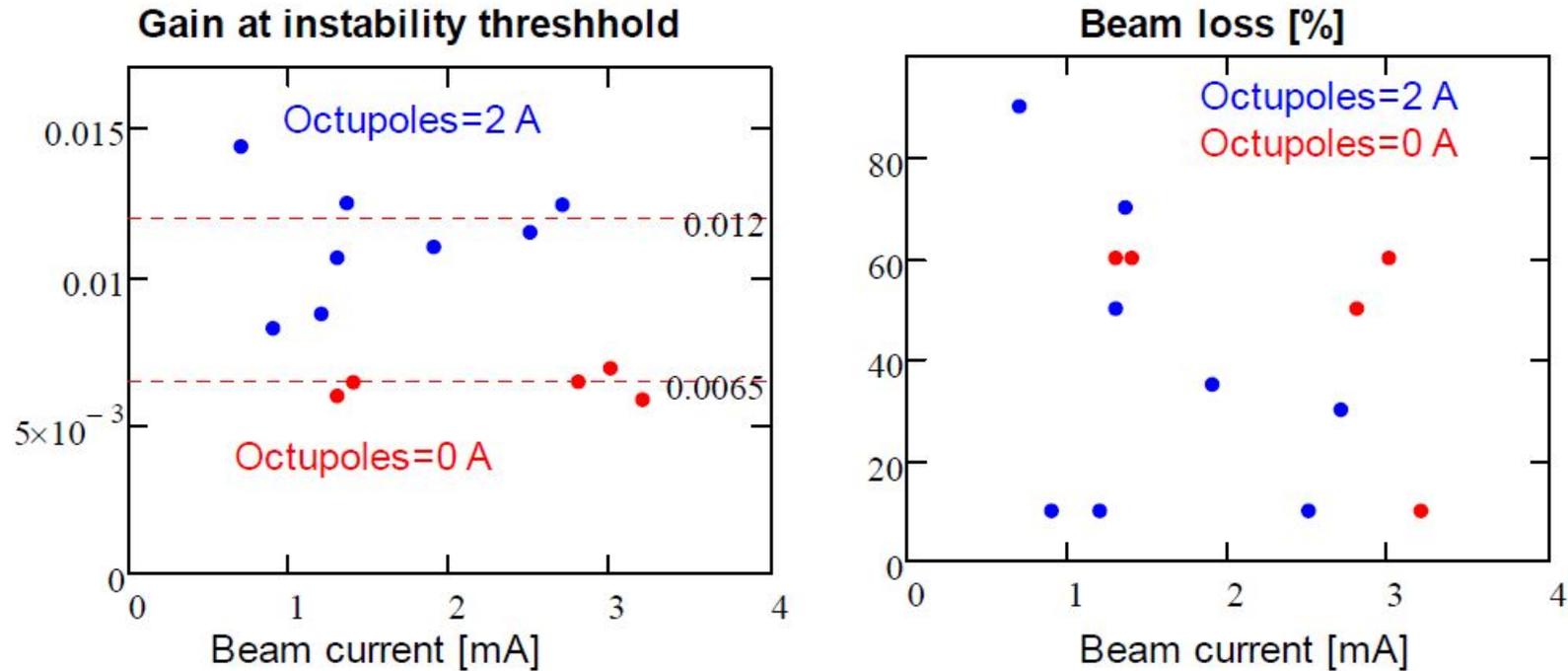
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- Study the gain threshold for fast instability as a function of beam current and octupole current
- With nominal emittance ( $\sim 160\text{-}170\mu\text{m}$ ), step the feedback gain until a fast instability occurs ( $>10\%$  beam loss)

$$Gain = I_{beam} * 10^{\left(-\frac{att_{db}}{20}\right)}$$

- The analog module attenuators were stepped in 1-2db steps until a fast instability occurred
- After each instability, wait for synchrotron radiation damping to restore beam to nominal emittance

# Instability Threshold vs Gain



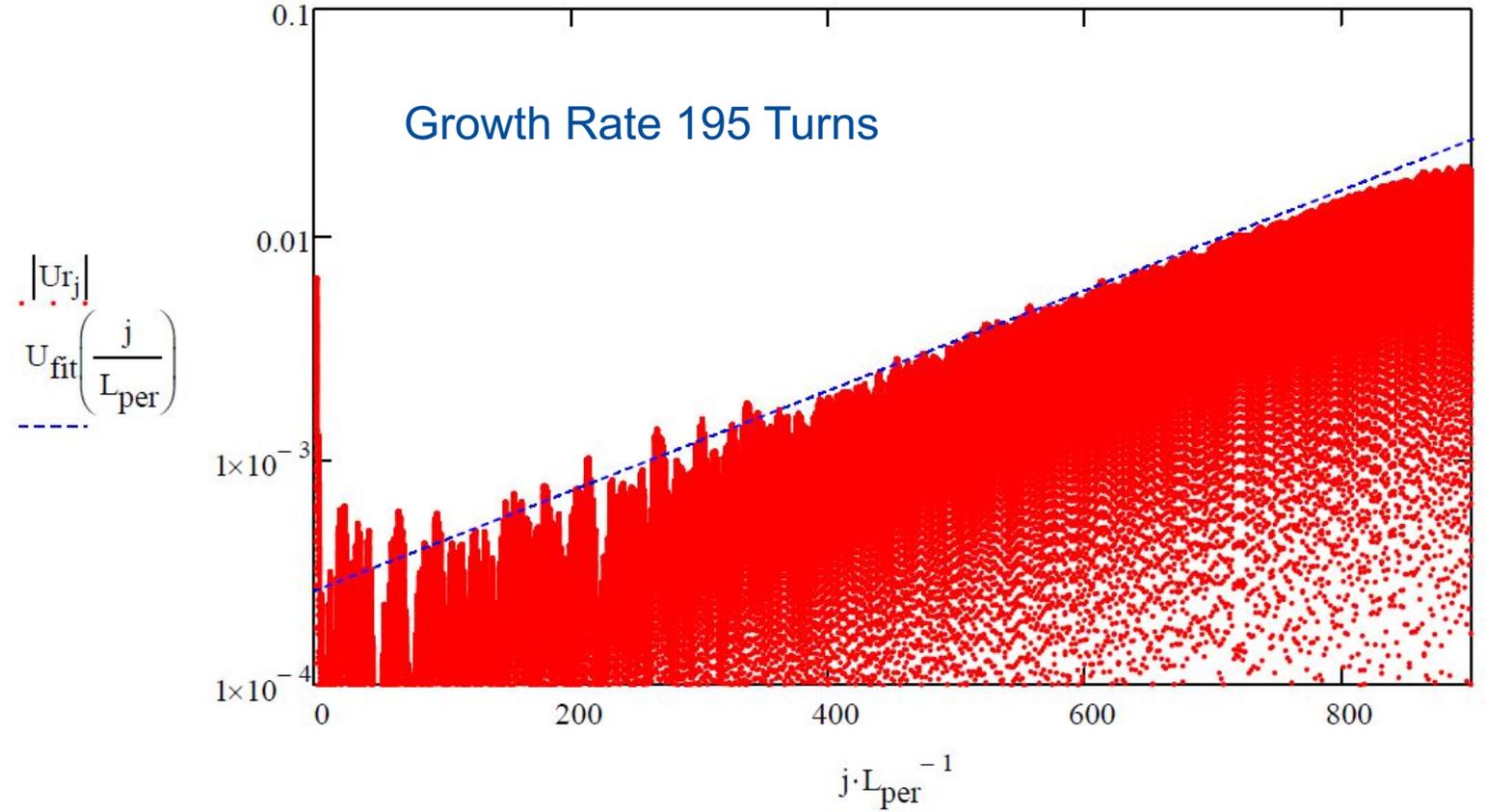
- See approximately factor of 2 increase in the instability threshold with octupoles at 2A as compared with 0A

# Instability Octupoles 0A – Growth Rate

$n_{\text{inst}} := 195$

$$U_{\text{fit}}(n) := 0.00026 \cdot \exp\left(\frac{n}{n_{\text{inst}}}\right)$$

$$U_b := \frac{1}{N_s} \cdot \left(\sum_j U_{s,j}\right) \quad U_b = 0.141$$



## Plan for Run 2b

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- System improvements
  - Implement damper by simply swapping analog module for E2L
  - Ability to collect BPM turn-by-turn data
  - Matlab acquisition scripts to set gain and collect data (\*.mat files)
- Required Personal
  - Myself and optics expert (Valishev or Romanov)
- Participants
  - Lebedev and Burov
- Requirements
  - Beam in IOTA (higher current better)
  - DCCT, Sync Light, BPMs
  - Preferred Longitudinal Damper operational

## Plan for Run 2b

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- Experimental Data
  - Beam at nominal emittance - wait for beam to cool (~5min) or re-inject
  - Induce instability and collect TBT data
  - Repeat procedure with Octopoles powered – vary current
  - Repeat procedure with Non-linear magnet powered - vary strength
- Shift 1 (~4 hours)
  - Commission anti-damper (timing and phase) – 30 min
  - Commission Matlab data acquisition scripts – 30 min
  - Collect experimental data with remaining time – 5 data points at each setting
- Analyze data for quality and anomalies
- Shift 2 (~4 hours)
  - Collect further data based upon analysis