

TUNE MODULATION SIMULATIONS (UPDATED)

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SETUP OF THE SIMULATIONS

- included a TM (tune modulation) element in SixTrack+collimation
- The element can be either a quadrupole or a dipole. The element type is recognized by its name (TM_QUAD or TM_DIP)
- New format for the collimator DB entry

```
#new format for TM_QUAD entries in the collimator database
1: STRING          NAME UPPERCASE
2: STRING          name (lowercase)
3: DOUBLE          length [m]
4: DOUBLE          (quadrupole) angle of the focusing plane [rad] 0=HOR
                   (dipole) angle of the active plane [rad] 0=HOR
5: DOUBLE DOUBLE  center_x[m] center_y[m]
6: DOUBLE          (quadrupole) gradient kick per length unit (rad/m^2)
                   (dipole) kick per length unit (rad/m^2)
7: DOUBLE DOUBLE  DOUBLE      DOUBLE INT  operation tune, multiplication factor
                   Delta tune, tune increment per step
8: LOGIC          if true, the quad polarity can be inverted
8: DOUBLE         database beta x
9: DOUBLE         database beta y
```

ELEMENT DEFINITION

Dipole: the kick is given by $\text{strength} \times \text{length}$
Quadrupole: the gradient is given by $\text{strength} \times \text{length}$

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strength

Dipole: the kick is given by strength*length
 Quadrupole: the gradient is given by strength*length

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The frequency of the element is the mult. factor * tune
 Dipole: = 1 , Quadrupole: = 2

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tune sweeping

The frequency sweep has the same parameters as for the e-lens

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```

LOGIC polarity switch

The frequency sweep has the same parameters as for the e-lens

The frequency of the element is the mult. factor * tune
 Dipole: = 1 , Quadrupole: = 2

polarity switch: if true the polarity of the element can be inverted (i.e. invert the current verse)
Dipole: true , Quadrupole: false

ADDITIONAL OUTPUTS

```
# change in fort.3 to activate detailed output for tune modulation quadrupole
line 10: LOGICAL LOGICAL INT LOGICAL STRING LOGICAL LOGICAL LOGICAL LOGICAL LOGICAL LOGICAL
        do_select do_nominal rnd_seed dowrite_dist name_sel do_oneside dowrite_impact dowrite_secondary dowrite_amplitude write_elens_out write_TM_quad_out
```

new flag in the code to activate additional outputs for the TM elements. In case the flag is true the coordinates of the particles (both physical and normalized) are saved at each passage from the TM element. Files are saved in binary.

file tm.dat

```
# 1=coll 2=npart 3=nturn 4=x0 5=xp0 6=y0 7=yp0 8=kx & 9=ky 10=kr
3 1000001 1 1.446560051675370E-03 -4.347980565365830E-06 -1.214675826314091E-13 -1.181131138521943E-16 -5.451666212732319E-10 0.000000000000000E+00 5.451666212732319E-10
3 1000002 1 8.625902604751890E-04 -8.272520787922501E-06 -8.984670275718348E-16 7.350804138903585E-16 -3.250853065539972E-10 0.000000000000000E+00 3.250853065539972E-10
3 1000003 1 1.137171145699256E-03 1.576872089313577E-06 -1.182048908466069E-13 -5.985978214931910E-16 -4.285668960597410E-10 0.000000000000000E+00 4.285668960597410E-10
3 1000004 1 -1.716312414568961E-03 4.386249147475881E-07 1.244809140555632E-13 7.759083715939969E-16 6.468284804469118E-10 0.000000000000000E+00 6.468284804469118E-10
3 1000005 1 7.134117014072529E-05 8.797142848403944E-06 -6.726458640282975E-14 -1.377463562752518E-15 -2.688642247410783E-11 0.000000000000000E+00 2.688642247410783E-11
3 1000006 1 5.619602199711210E-04 7.216363788572865E-06 -8.935254642626614E-14 -1.161518846000048E-15 -2.117865430228359E-10 0.000000000000000E+00 2.117865430228359E-10
```

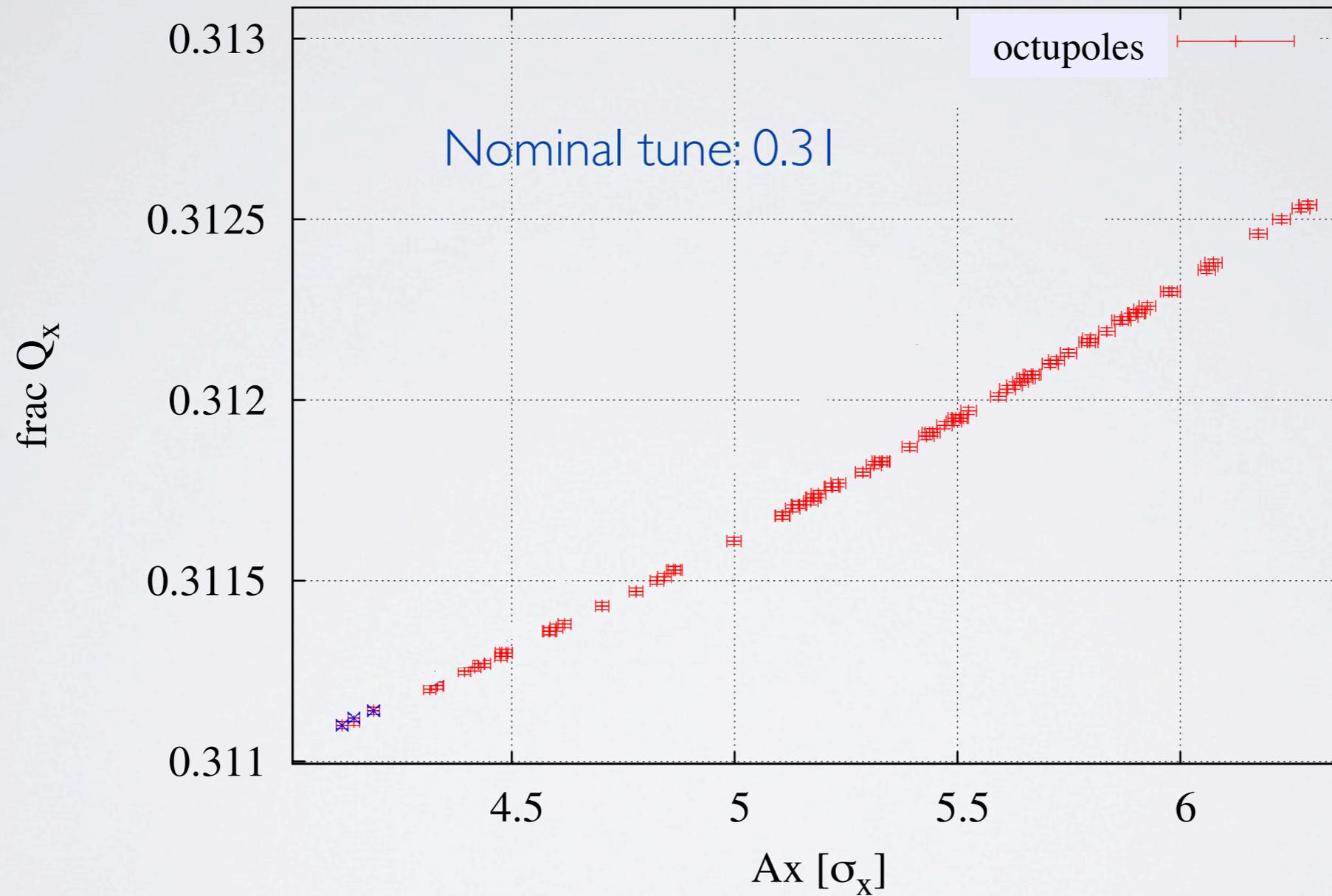
file tm.norm.dat

```
# 1=coll 2=npart 3=nturn 4=x0 5=xp0 6=y0 7=yp0 8=kx & 9=ky 10=Ax 11=Ay
3 1000001 1 4.785129304133292 -1.094343876964293 -4.039291297020937E-10 3.179323666998057E-10 7.310688054218417E-05 0.000000000000000E+00 4.908744106074153 5.140425387234315E-10
3 1000002 1 2.853394111139255 -4.068503199956440 -2.987768395905123E-12 4.426432946034697E-10 1.600707358617726E-04 0.000000000000000E+00 4.969523837008157 4.426533779577442E-10
3 1000003 1 3.761690340334034 2.143748527813281 -3.930793521353458E-10 2.003986840553822E-11 -1.276133349552566E-04 0.000000000000000E+00 4.329534263424474 3.935898542910557E-10
3 1000004 1 -5.677453086368497 -1.540379706983245 4.139496826207766E-10 6.595985391979054E-11 -1.018511412125278E-04 0.000000000000000E+00 5.882605279899815 4.191718526701927E-10
3 1000005 1 0.2359920858011872 5.365764008278396 -2.236821154819018E-10 -6.088904488763941E-10 -1.615439416191577E-05 0.000000000000000E+00 5.370934939881100 6.486765507703787E-10
3 1000006 1 1.858928918242967 4.930788887046460 -2.971335687493536E-10 -4.090364389927210E-10 -1.191836683194225E-04 0.000000000000000E+00 5.269443964420983 5.055681616771104E-10
3 1000007 1 5.039481318863747 0.7101365828858383 -4.901552592786400E-10 2.191308877330911E-10 -4.817054760763995E-05 0.000000000000000E+00 5.089221514734306 5.369083014418787E-10
3 1000008 1 -4.195479817460943 -1.224447246422060 3.301107349474714E-10 3.386058083200071E-11 -8.052966407134932E-05 0.000000000000000E+00 4.370425385901388 3.318427884734580E-10
3 1000009 1 -2.260624069873336 4.490443938817386 -1.164474582227075E-10 -6.941402272079055E-10 1.383536603718483E-04 0.000000000000000E+00 5.027514205230701 7.038399431367703E-10
```

CASES SIMULATED

- inputs are as much as possible similar to the electron lens simulations (n. particles, distribution, n. turns)
- the quadrupole gradient has been chosen so that the tune spread is of the order of 10^{-4}
- the dipole strength has been chosen to match the ADT capabilities
- dipole can invert its polarity, for quadrupole both cases have been tested

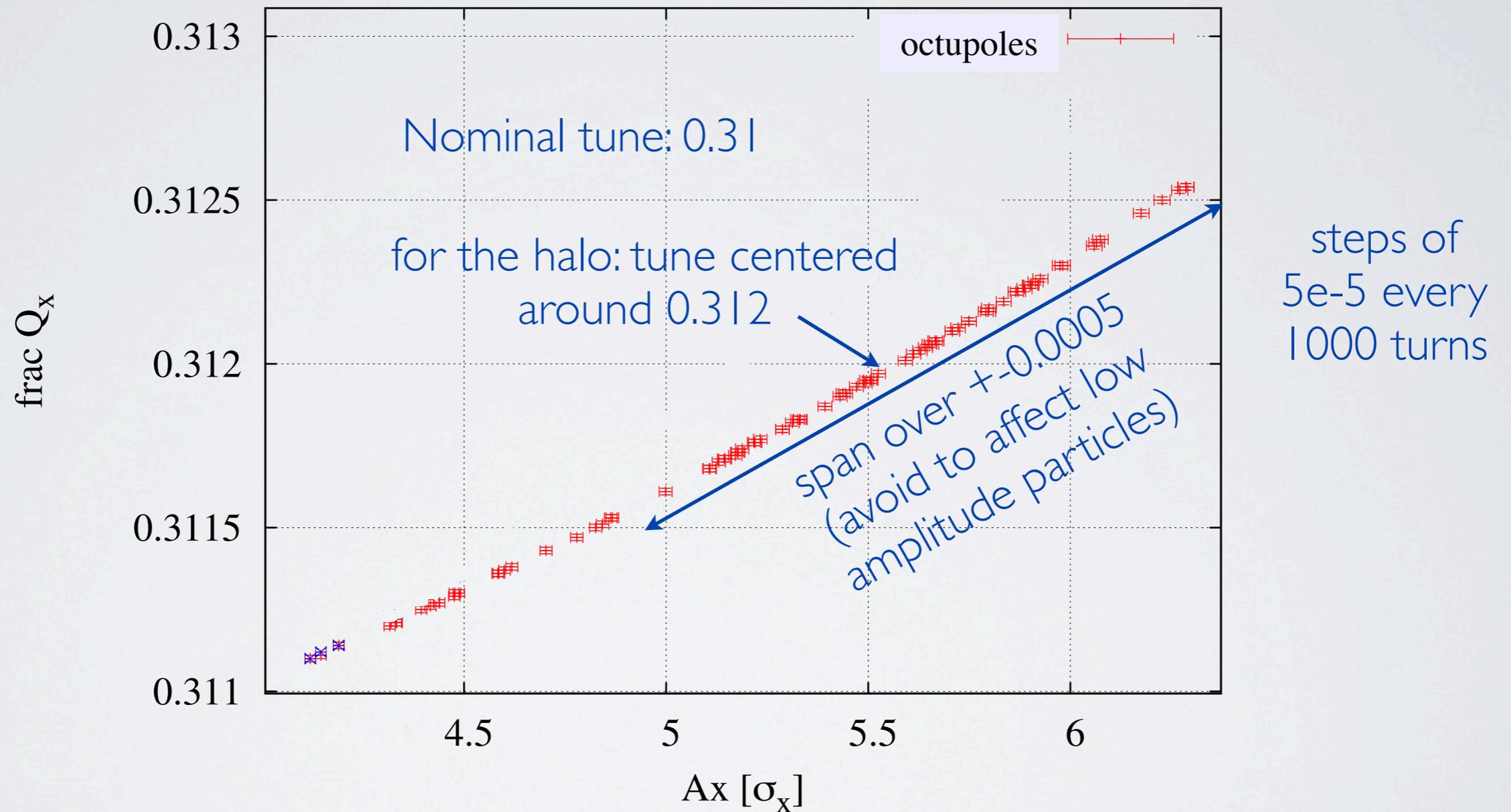
TUNE MODULATION



Selecting particles using the tune spread given by octupoles

TUNE MODULATION

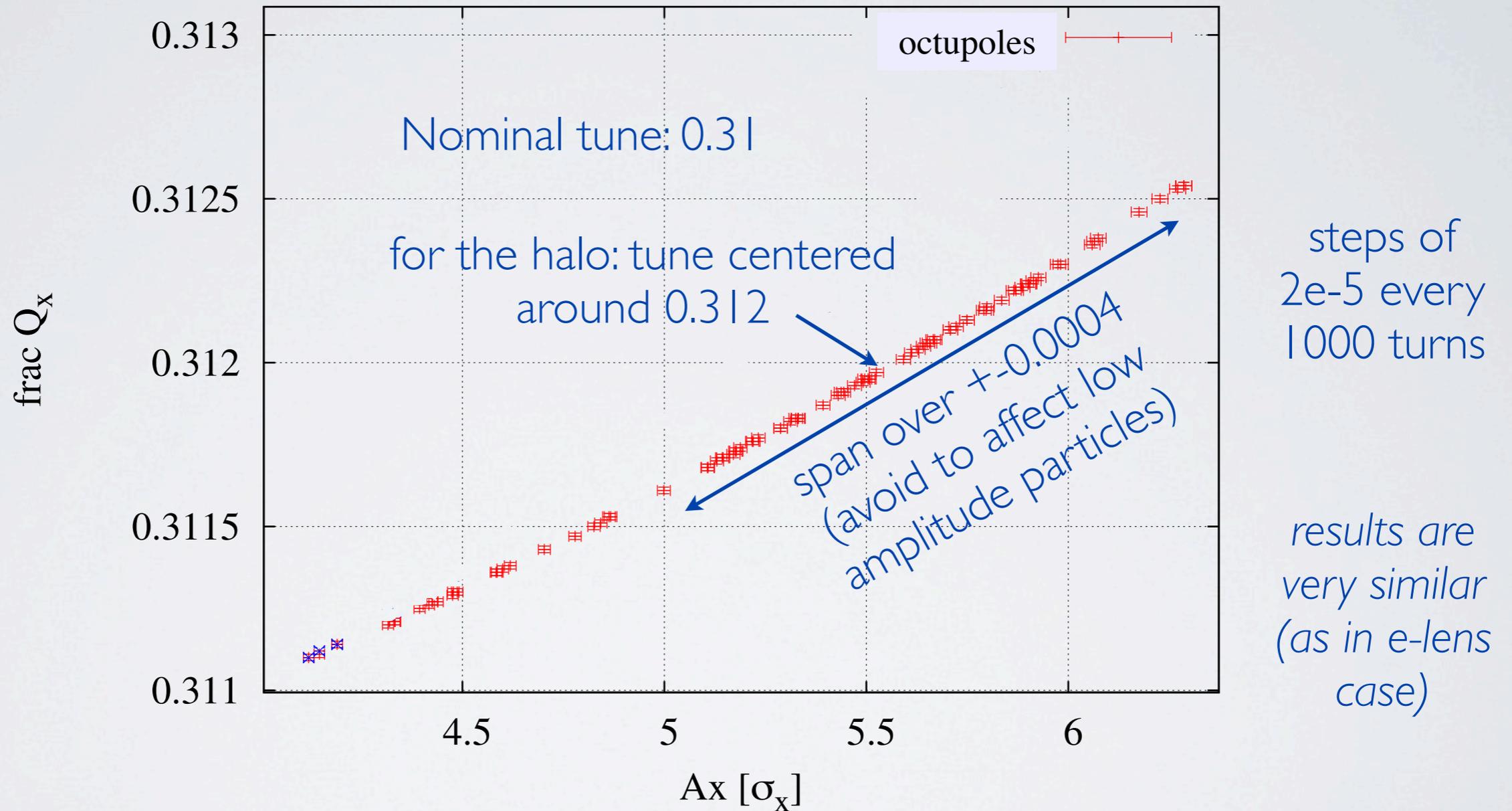
modulation I: H10



Selecting particles using the tune spread given by octupoles

TUNE MODULATION

modulation 2: L8

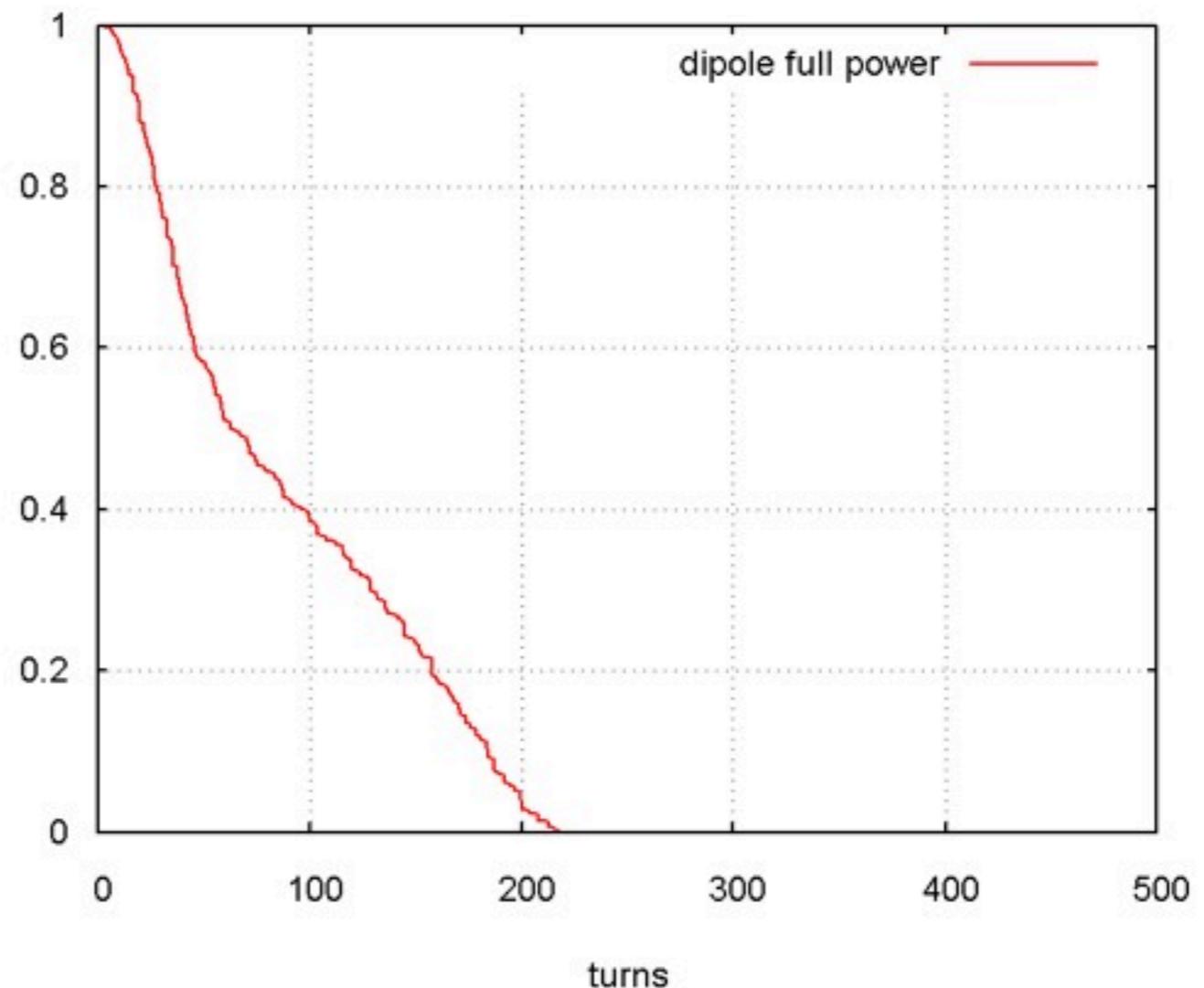


Selecting particles using the tune spread given by octupoles

THE DIPOLE

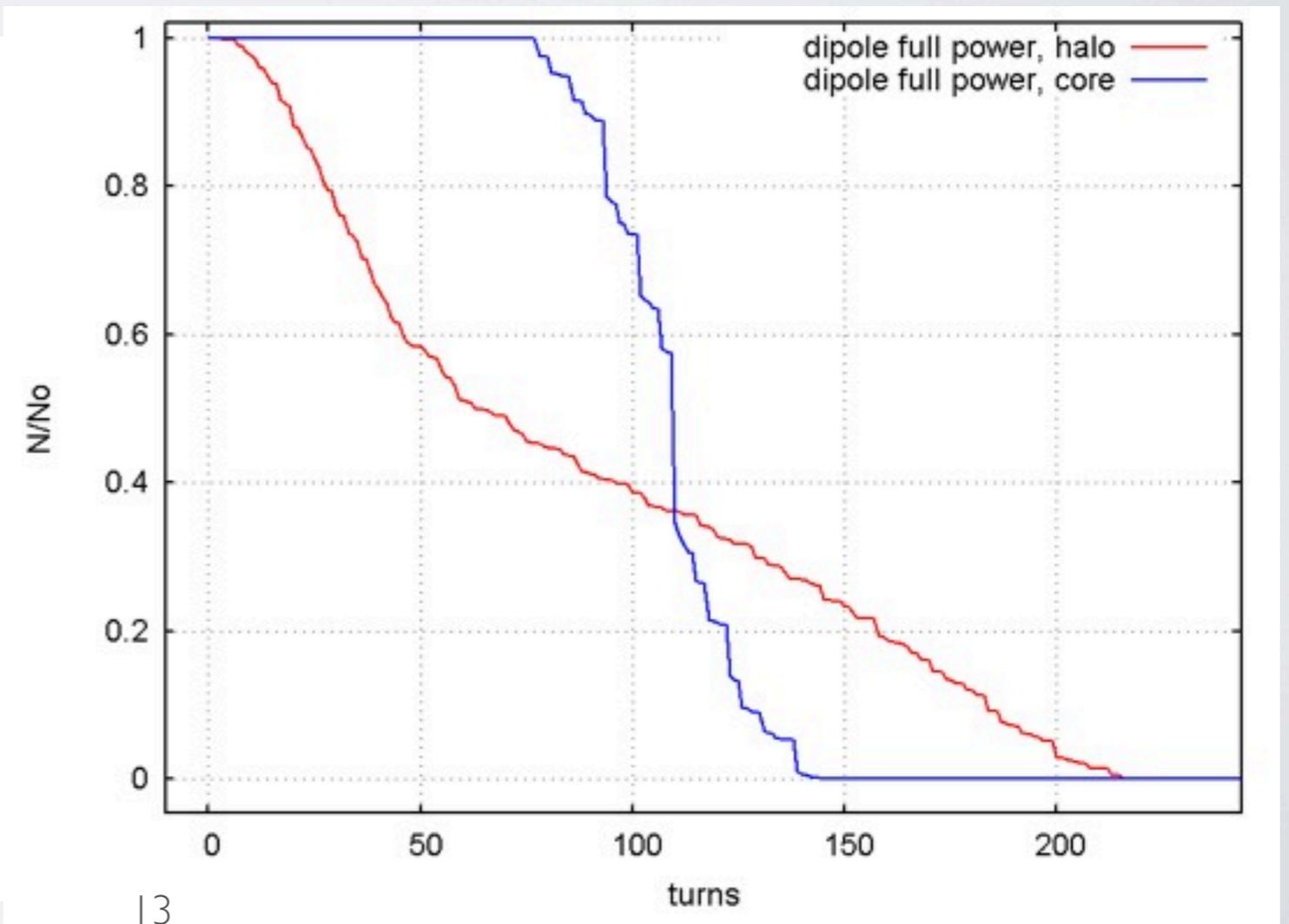
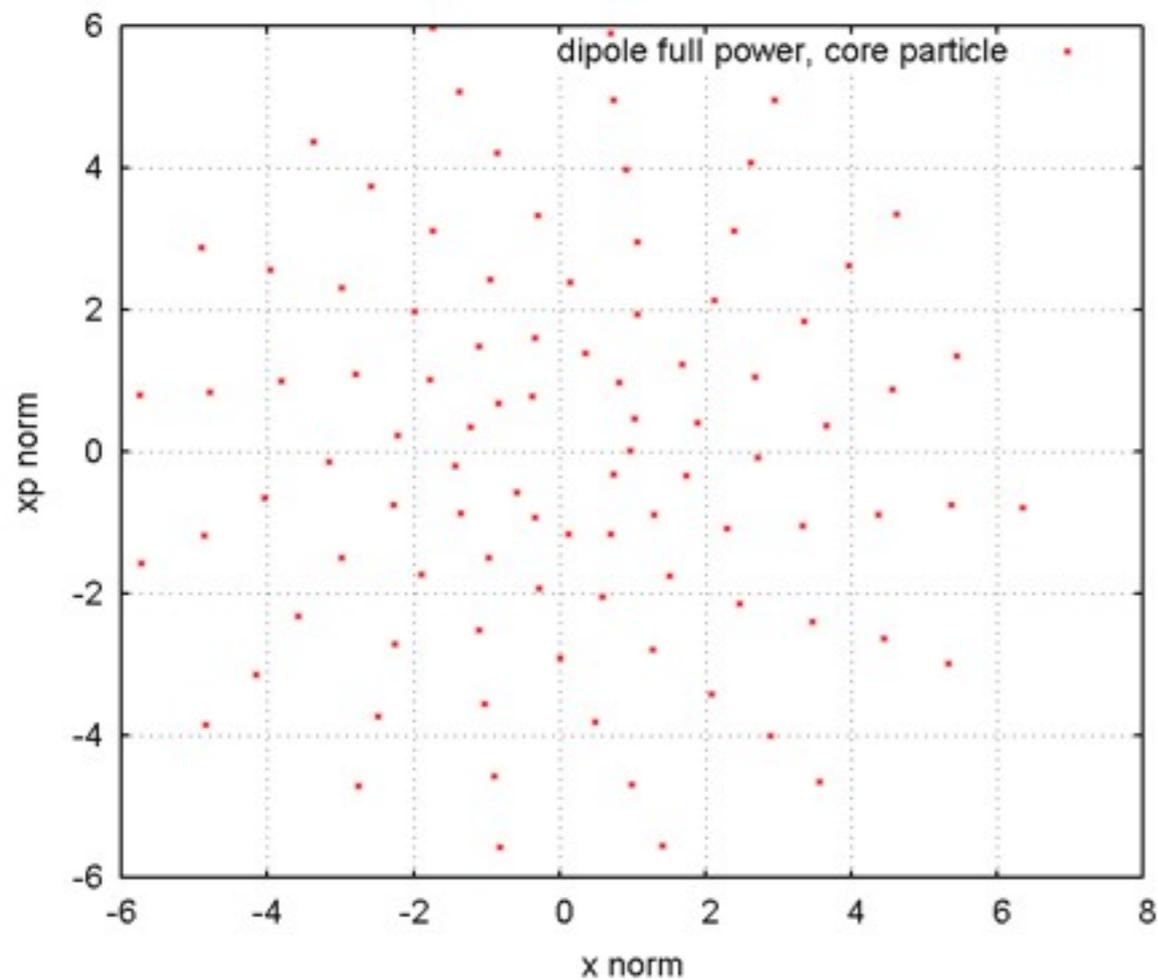
- First trial: full power ADT capabilities @ 7 TeV: 0.2 urad/turn
- Dipole excitation frequency $n\omega_0$ in resonance with the tune (multiplication factor $n=1$)

the excitation is ~~very~~^{too?} effective! lost all the particles in about 200 turns. (for both excitation patterns)



HOW ABOUT THE CORE?

- Tried to simulate the core (between 0 and 2 σ_x) of the beam in the same conditions.
- The tune does not perfectly match the beam tune, but still induces large oscillation amplitudes in the core (up to 10-15 σ_x).
- All the particles are lost in about 200 turns.

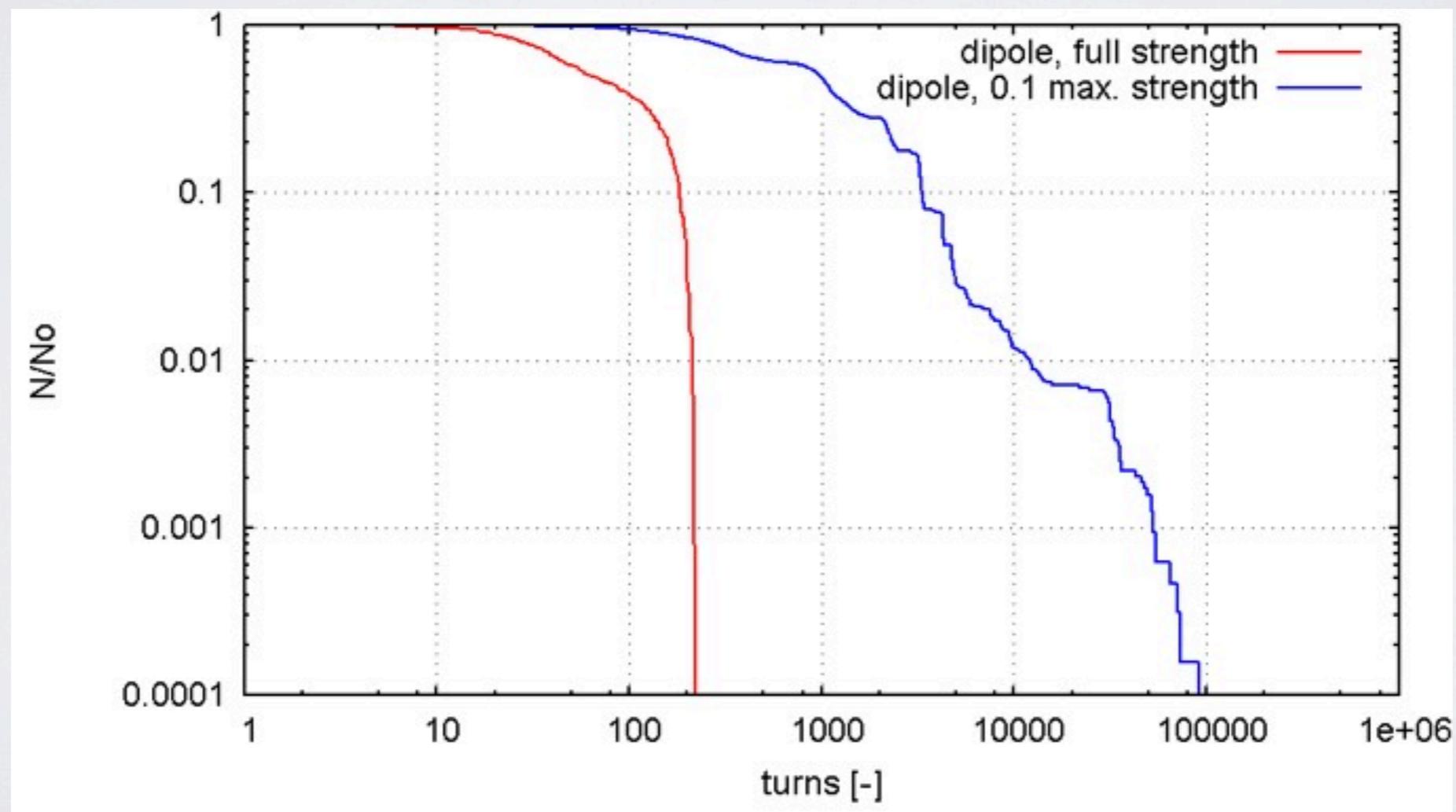


from 0.5 to 6 sigma in about 200 turns

DECREASING THE STRENGTH?

- since the core particles are not in perfect resonance condition, decreasing the dipole strength could decrease their oscillation amplitude

effect on the halo

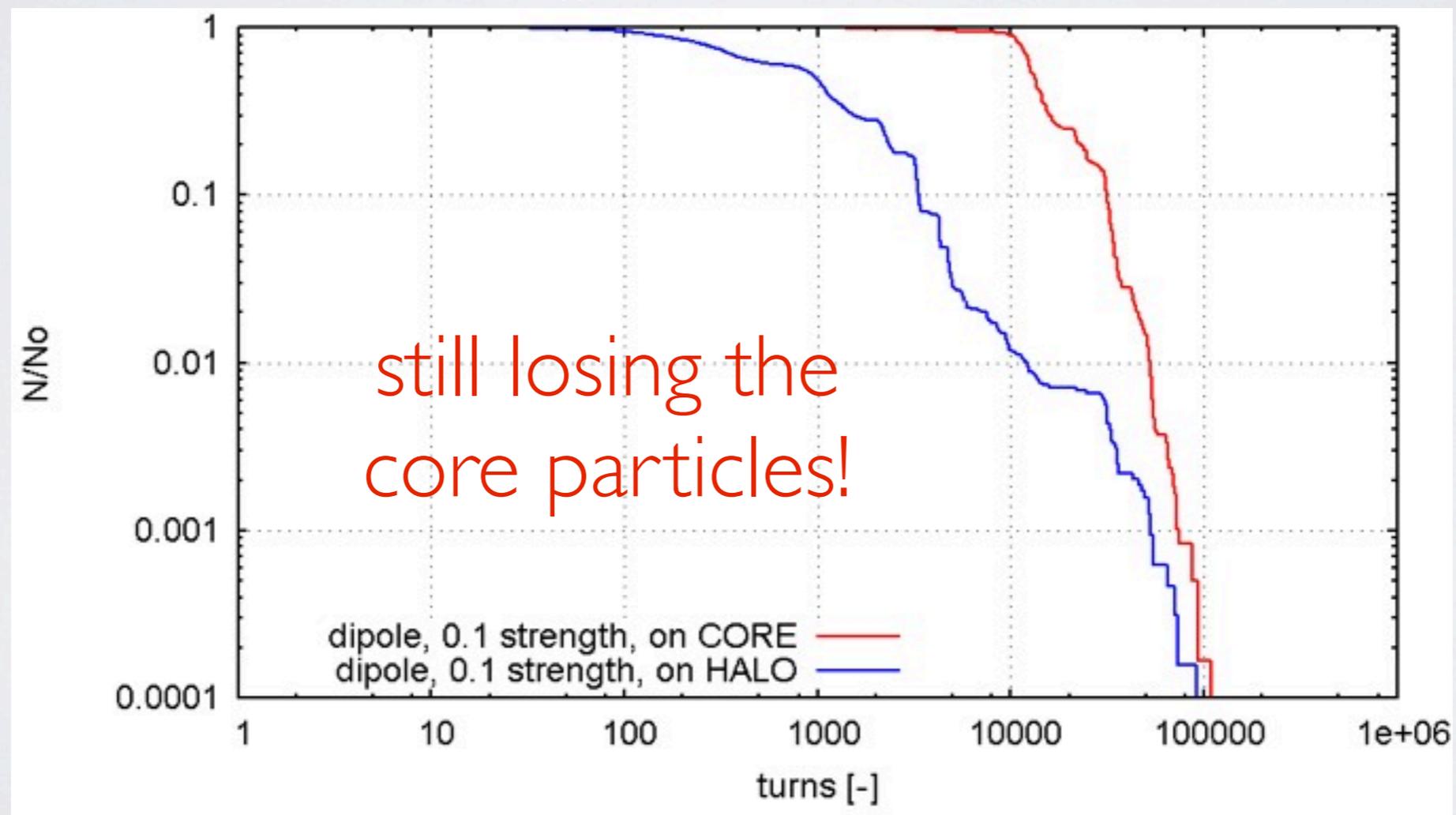


cleaning time is much longer (x5e4)

DECREASING THE STRENGTH?

- since the core particles are not in perfect resonance condition, decreasing the dipole strength could decrease their oscillation amplitude

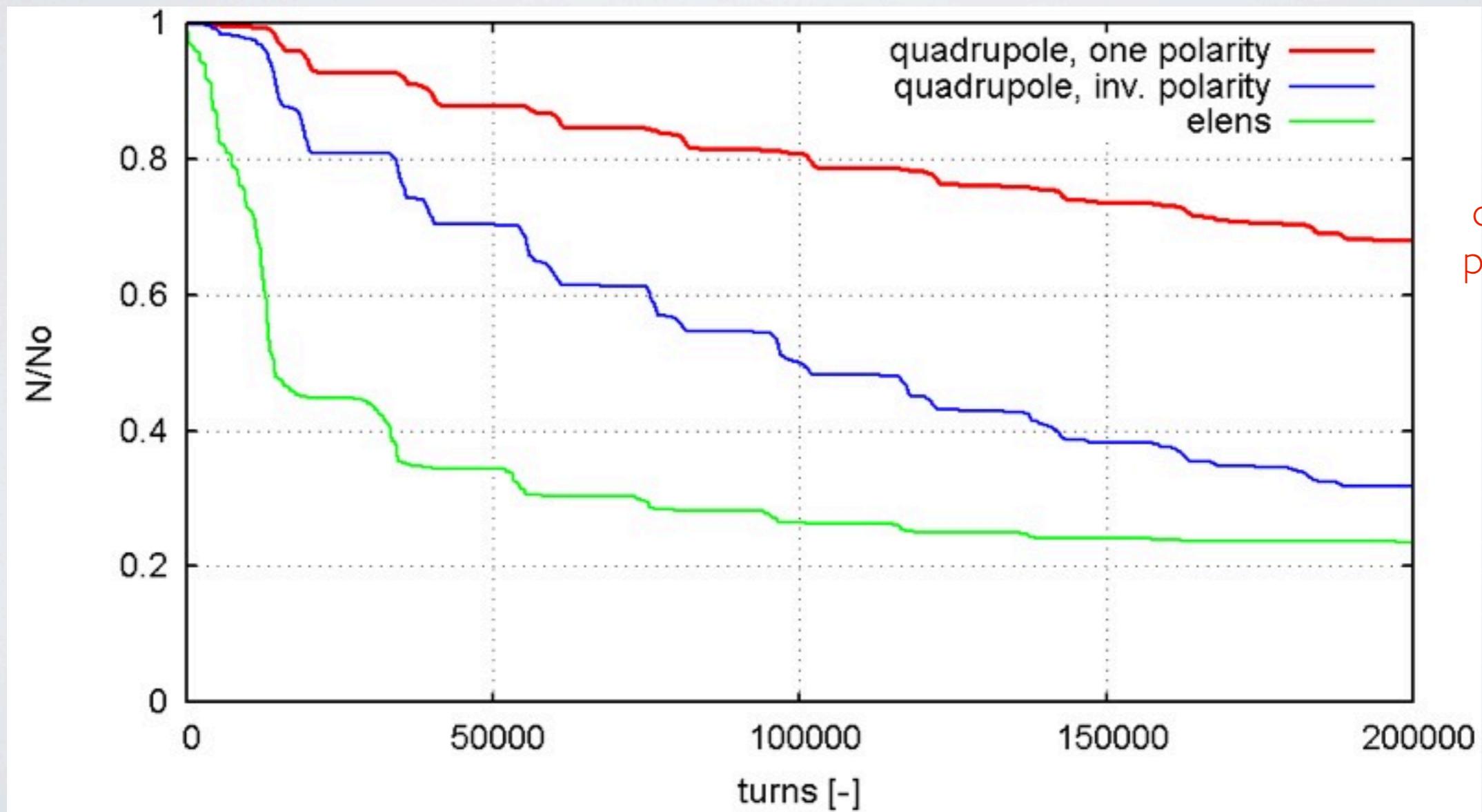
effect on the core



DIPOLE DOES NOT SEEM TO
BE A VIABLE OPTION

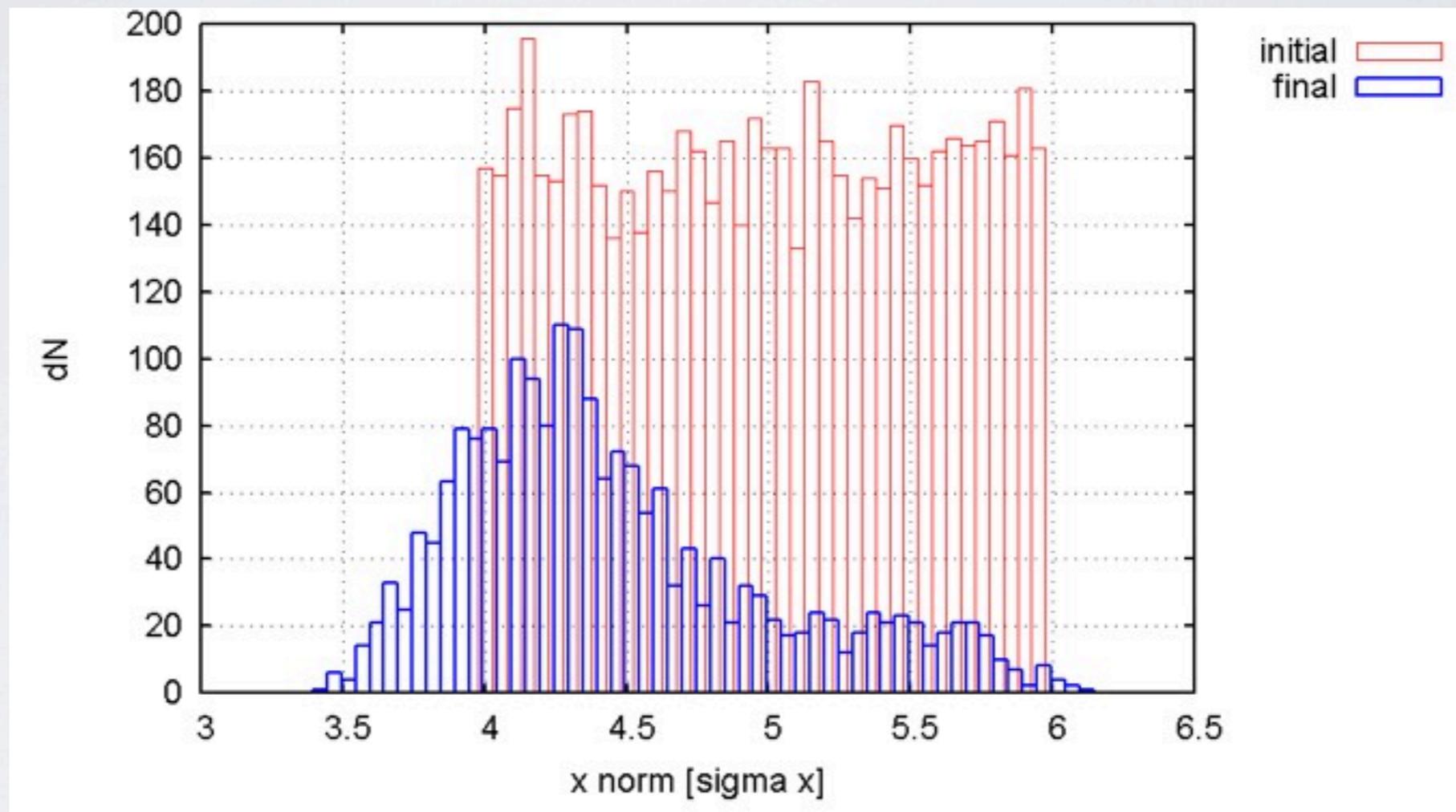
QUADRUPOLE

- quadrupole have been tested with and without inversion of polarity
- scraping efficiencies are lower than e-lens in both cases



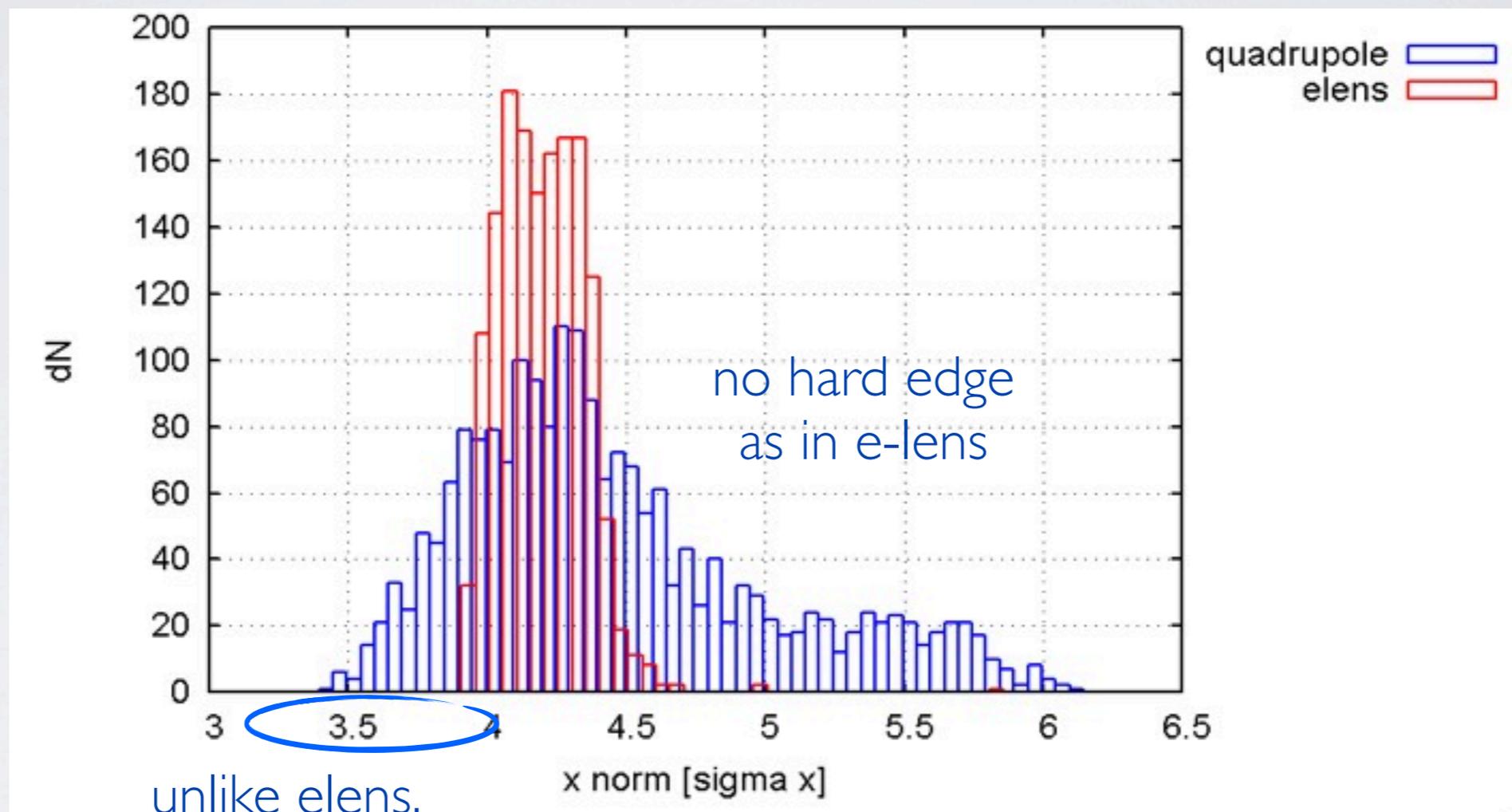
maybe a different tune pattern should be used

INITIAL VS FINAL DISTRIBUTION



no hard edge as in e-lens

FINAL DISTRIBUTIONS: E-LENS VS QUAD



unlike elens,
low amplitude particles
are also heavily affected

effect on the core emittance
must be checked!

Quadrupole modulation results are comparable with electron lens results (even if a factor 2-3 less efficient)

STILL TO EVALUATE: EXPECTED
EMITTANCE INCREASE OF THE CORE

Quadrupole modulation results are comparable with electron lens results (even if a factor 2-3 less efficient)